

Week 14: Lecture A

What's Next? Life After CS 4440

Tuesday, December 2, 2025

Announcements

- **Project 4: NetSec** released
 - **Deadline: Thursday** by 11:59PM

Project 4: Network Security

Deadline: Thursday, December 4 by 11:59PM.

Before you start, review the [course syllabus](#) for the Lateness, Collaboration, and Ethical Use policies.

You may optionally work alone, or in teams of **at most two** and submit **one project per team**. If you have difficulties forming a team, post on [Piazza's Search for Teammates](#) forum. Note that the final exam will cover project material, so you and your partner should collaborate on each part.

The code and other answers your group submits must be entirely your own work, and you are bound by the University's Student Code. You may consult with other students about the conceptualization of the project and the meaning of the questions, but you may not look at any part of someone else's solution or collaborate with anyone outside your group. You may consult published references, provided that you appropriately cite them (e.g., in your code comments). **Don't risk your grade and degree by cheating!**

Complete your work in the **CS 4440 VM**—we will use this same environment for grading. You may not use any **external dependencies**. Use only default Python 3 libraries and/or modules we provide you.

Helpful Resources

- [The CS 4440 Course Wiki](#)
- [VM Setup and Troubleshooting](#)
- [Terminal Cheat Sheet](#)

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Project 4 Progress

Working on Part 1



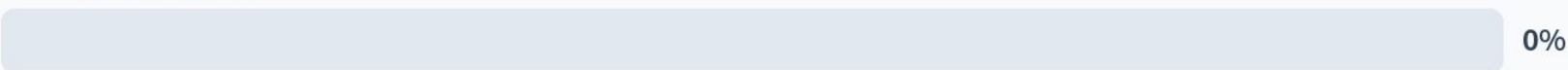
Finished Part 1, working on Part 2



Finished both Part 1 and Part 2



None of the above



Final Exam

- **Save the date: 1–3PM** on **Wednesday, December 10**
 - **CDA accommodations:** schedule exam via CDA Portal
- **High-level details** (more to come):
 - One exam covering all course material
 - Similar to project/quiz/lecture exercises
- **Cheat Sheet**
 - **One 8.5"x11" paper** with handwritten/typed notes on **both** sides
 - **Suggestion:** Don't just use someone else's—you'll learn better making **your own**!
 - **Suggestion:** Don't just paste lecture slides—you'll learn better by **writing/typing** it!



Practice Exam

- **Practice Exam** released
 - See [Assignments](#) page on the CS 4440 website
- **Final lecture** will serve as a **review session**
 - Solutions discussed **in-class only**—don't skip!

CS 4440

Introduction to Computer Security

Practice Exam

This practice exam is intended to help you prepare for the final exam. It does **not** cover all material that will appear on the final. We recommend that you use this practice exam to supplement your preparation, in addition to going over your lecture notes, quizzes, and programming projects.

This practice exam has no deadline and will not be graded. However, you will get the maximum benefit out of this exam review by treating it **as if it were the real exam**: you may refer to your two-sided 8.5"×11" cheat sheet, but allow yourself only 2 hours to complete the exam.

The final lecture will serve as an in-class review session covering the solutions to this practice exam. **Solutions to this practice exam will be discussed in-class only—do not skip this lecture!**

1. **Cryptography.** Alice and Bob, two CS 4440 alumni, have been stranded on a desert island for several weeks. Alice has built a hut on the beach, while Bob lives high in the forest branches. They plan to communicate silently by tossing coconuts over the treeline.

Compounding Alice and Bob's misfortune, on this island there also lives an intelligent, literate, and man-eating panther named Mallory. The pair can cooperate to warn each other when they see the animal approaching each others' shelters, but they fear that Mallory will intercept or tamper with their messages in order to make them her next meal. Fortunately, Alice and Bob each have an RSA key pair, and each knows the other's public key.

- (a) Design two protocols that leverage RSA, such that Alice can securely transmit a message to Bob whilst upholding (1) message *confidentiality* and (2) message *integrity*.

Practice Exam

- Practice Exam re

- See [Assignment](#)

- Final lecture will serve as a [review session](#)

- Solutions disc

To get the most out of this, treat it just **as you would the Final Exam**

Last lecture (**Thursday, Dec. 4th**) will go over the exam review solutions

Solutions won't be posted online.

(Reminder: attendance/participation makes up **5%** of your course grade)

Introduction to Computer Security

Practice Exam

ended to help you prepare for the final exam. It does **not** cover all material final. We recommend that you use this practice exam to supplement your going over your lecture notes, quizzes, and programming projects.

There is no deadline and will not be graded. However, you will get the maximum benefit out of this exam review by treating it **as if it were the real exam**: you may refer to your two-sided 8.5"x11" cheat sheet, but allow yourself only 2 hours to complete the exam.

We will have an in-class review session covering the solutions to this practice exam. The practice exam will be discussed in-class only—do not skip this lecture!

Alice and Bob, two CS 4440 alumni, have been stranded on a desert island. Alice has built a hut on the beach, while Bob lives high in the forest and can communicate silently by tossing coconuts over the treeline.

Due to Alice and Bob's misfortune, on this island there also lives an intelligent, lithe panther named Mallory. The pair can cooperate to warn each other of an animal approaching each others' shelters, but they fear that Mallory will intercept or tamper with their messages in order to make them her next meal. Fortunately, Alice and Bob each have an RSA key pair, and each knows the other's public key.

They decide to use cryptographic protocols that leverage RSA, such that Alice can securely transmit a message to Bob whilst upholding (1) message confidentiality and (2) message integrity.

End-of-semester Course Evals

- **I want your feedback!**
 - 3rd time teaching this course 😊
 - **Help me improve the class!**
- Due by **December 15th**
 - <https://scf.utah.edu>
 - **Please please please!**



End-of-semester Course Evals

- I want your feedback!

- 3rd time teaching this course 😊
- Help me improve the class!

- Due by Dec 15

- <https://survey.com>
- Please provide feedback

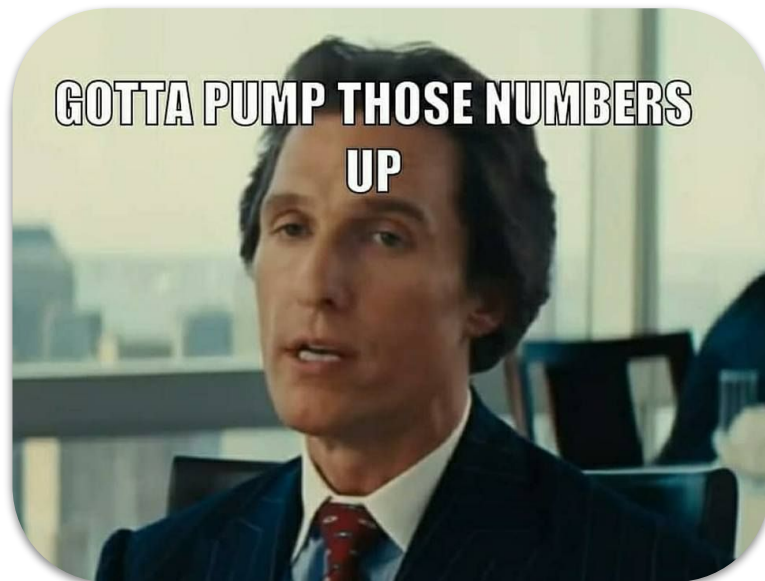
If 85% of the class (82 of 96 students) submits an eval, we will add **5 points of extra credit** to your Participation grades!

HELP ME HELP YOU

End-of-semester Course Evals

Response rate

8.97%



End-of-semester Course Evals



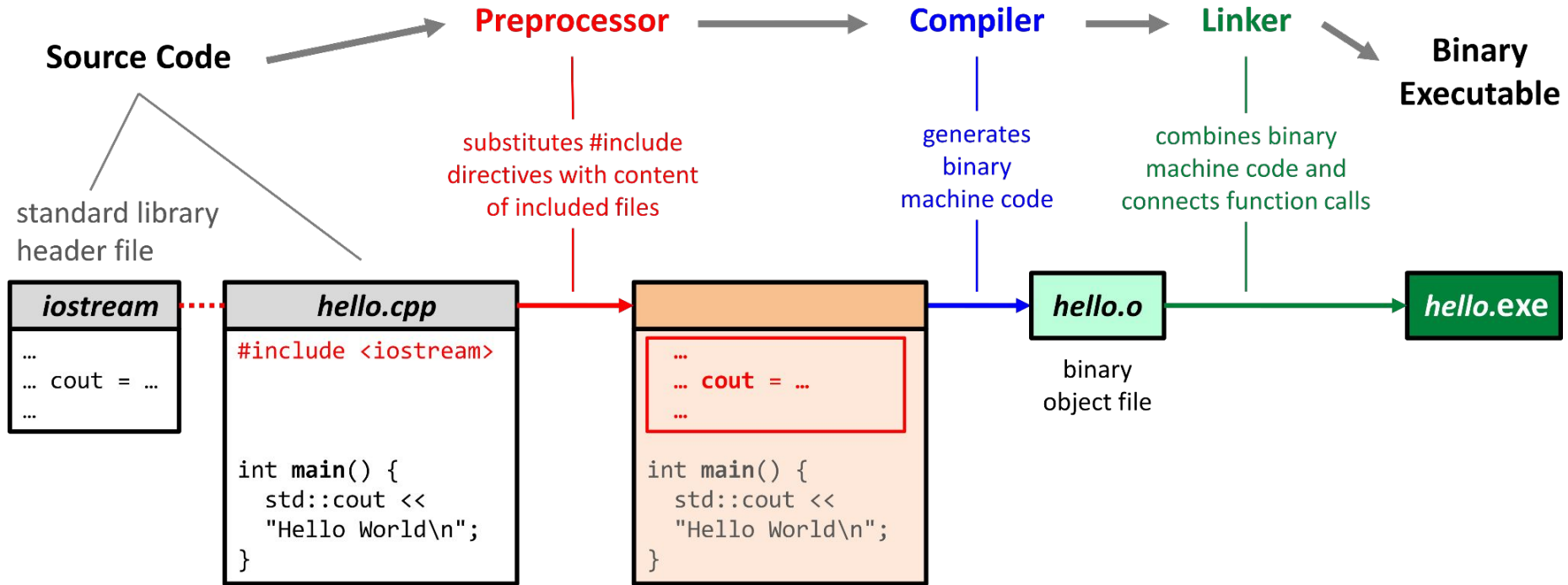
Questions?



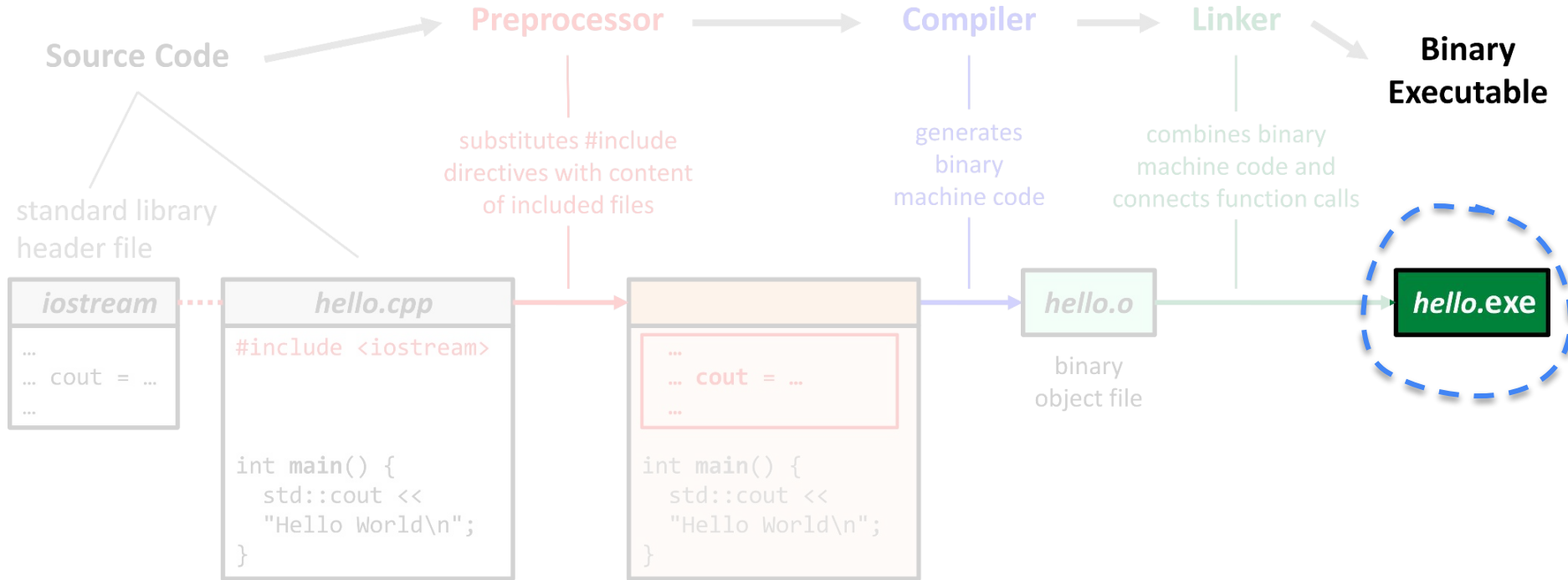
Last time on CS 4440...

Binary Reverse Engineering
Instruction Recovery
Control Flow Analysis
Structure Recovery
RE Challenges

Recap: the Compilation Process



Recap: the Compilation Process



Closed-source Software

- It's everywhere!



macOS



NETGEAR®

Closed-source Software

- It's everywhere!



Commercialized applications and libraries

Freely-distributed **proprietary software**

Legacy software whose source code is lost

Reverse Engineering (RE)

- **What is RE?**

“A process or method through which one attempts to **understand** through deductive reasoning how a previously made **device**, **process**, **system**, or piece of **software** accomplishes a task with **very little (if any) insight** into exactly how it does so.”

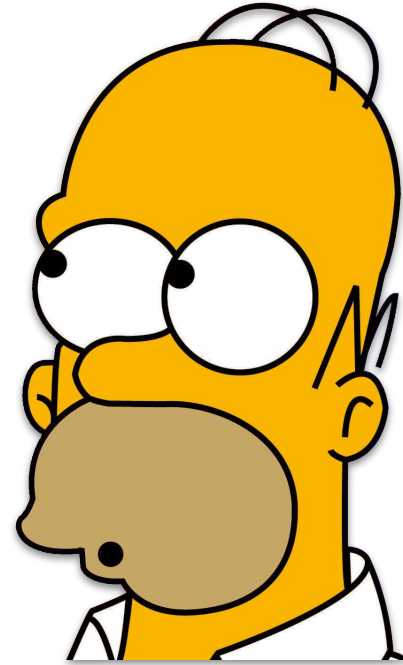
Three Pillars of RE

1. ???



Three Pillars of RE

1. Instruction Recovery



Pillar #1: Instruction Recovery

- **Goal: ???**

Pillar #1: Instruction Recovery

- **Goal:** translate bytes into **logical instructions**
 - Called instruction **decoding**
 - Analogous to what CPU does
 - General output: **disassembly**

Instruction stream

```
B8 22 11 00 FF 01 CA 31 F6 53 8B 5C 24
04 8D 34 48 39 C3 72 EB C3
```

Read bytes from input executable

Machine code bytes

```
B8 22 11 00 FF
01 CA
31 F6
53
8B 5C 24 04
8D 34 48
39 C3
72 EB
C3
```

Group bytes

Assembly language statements

```
foo:
movl $0xFF001122, %eax
addl %ecx, %edx
xorl %esi, %esi
pushl %ebx
movl 4(%esp), %ebx
leal (%eax,%ecx,2), %esi
cmpl %eax, %ebx
jnae foo
retl
```

Decode instructions

Three Pillars of RE

1. Instruction Recovery

- Decode bytes to instructions
- Disambiguate code from data

2. ???



Three Pillars of RE

1. Instruction Recovery

- Decode bytes to instructions
- Disambiguate code from data

2. Control Flow Recovery

- Intra-procedural execution flow
- Inter-procedural execution flow



Pillar #2: Control Flow Recovery

- **Direct Edges**
 - ???

Pillar #2: Control Flow Recovery

- **Direct Edges**
 - Jump/call a function

```
jmp 0x4001AB3
```

Target is pre-set **statically**

- **Indirect Edges**
 - ???

Pillar #2: Control Flow Recovery

■ Direct Edges

- Jump/call a function

```
jmp 0x4001AB3
```

Target is pre-set **statically**

■ Indirect Edges

- Transfer to a register
- Function pointers
- Switch-case tables

```
call %eax; where?
```

Target found at **runtime**

■ “Pseudo” Edges

- ???

Pillar #2: Control Flow Recovery

■ Direct Edges

- Jump/call a function

```
jmp 0x4001AB3
```

Target is pre-set **statically**

■ Indirect Edges

- Transfer to a register
- Function pointers
- Switch-case tables

```
call %eax; where?
```

Target found at **runtime**

■ “Pseudo” Edges

- Post-call returns

```
ret; goes where?
```

Necessary to recover **all paths**

■ Tail Calls

- ???

Pillar #2: Control Flow Recovery

■ Direct Edges

- Jump/call a function

```
jmp 0x4001AB3
```

Target is pre-set **statically**

■ Indirect Edges

- Transfer to a register
- Function pointers
- Switch-case tables

```
call %eax; where?
```

Target found at **runtime**

■ “Pseudo” Edges

- Post-call returns

```
ret; goes where?
```

Necessary to recover **all paths**

■ Tail Calls

- Call at function's end

```
jmp &foo; call?
```

Expressed as **jumps**, not calls

Three Pillars of RE

1. Instruction Recovery

- Decode bytes to instructions
- Disambiguate code from data

2. Control Flow Recovery

- Intra-procedural execution flow
- Inter-procedural execution flow

3. ???



Three Pillars of RE

1. Instruction Recovery

- Decode bytes to instructions
- Disambiguate code from data

2. Control Flow Recovery

- Intra-procedural execution flow
- Inter-procedural execution flow

3. Program Structure Recovery

- Identify program basic blocks
- Higher-level constructs (e.g., loops)



Pillar #3: Structure Recovery

- Largely **heuristic**-based
 - Construct-specific rules
- **Functions:**
 - **Start:**
 - **???**

Pillar #3: Structure Recovery

- Largely **heuristic**-based
 - Construct-specific rules

- **Functions:**

- **Start:**
 - Target of a call
 - Target of a tail call
 - A known prologue
 - A dispatch table entry
- **End:**
 - ???

```
push ebp
mov ebp, esp
sub esp, N
```

Prologue

```
switch(choice) {
  case 0 :
    result = add(first, second);
    break;
  case 1 :
    result = sub(first, second);
    break;
  case 2 :
    result = mult(first, second);
    break;
  case 3 :
    result = divide(first, second);
    break;
}
```

C-level Switch Table

Pillar #3: Structure Recovery

- Largely **heuristic**-based
 - Construct-specific rules
- **Functions:**
 - **Start:**
 - Target of a call
 - Target of a tail call
 - A known prologue
 - A dispatch table entry
 - **End:**
 - Location of a ret
 - Location of a tail call
 - A known epilogue

```
push ebp
mov ebp, esp
sub esp, N
```

Prologue

```
mov esp, ebp
pop ebp
ret
```

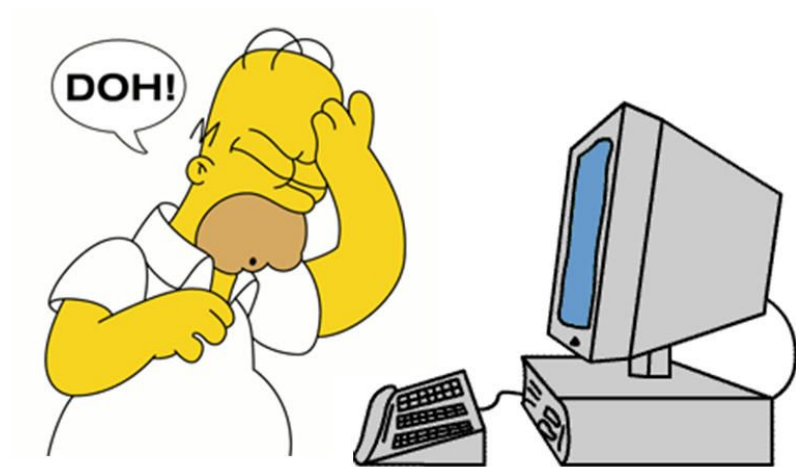
Epilogue

```
switch(choice) {
  case 0 :
    result = add(first, second);
    break;
  case 1 :
    result = sub(first, second);
    break;
  case 2 :
    result = mult(first, second);
    break;
  case 3 :
    result = divide(first, second);
    break;
}
```

C-level Switch Table

Challenges to RE

■ ???



Challenges to RE

■ **Compiler Crazyiness**

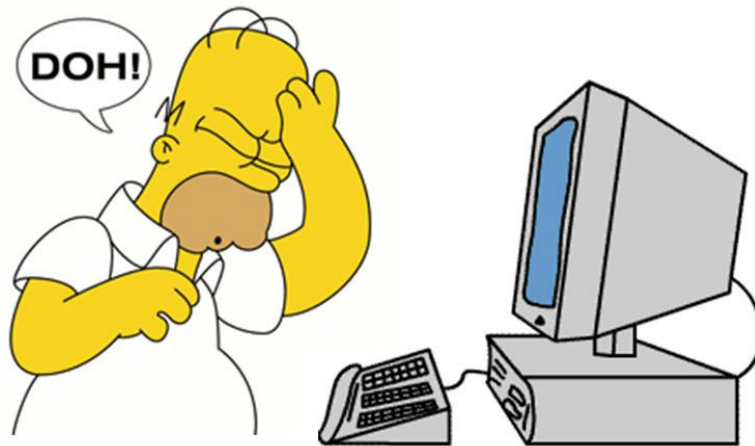
- Data-in-code
- Optimizations

■ **Haphazard Heuristics**

- Weird/esoteric patterns
- E.g., all jump table variants

■ **Obtuse Obfuscations**

- Control-flow flattening
- Opaque predicates



Questions?



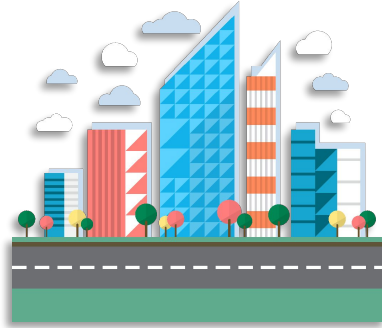
This time on CS 4440...

The Security Ecosystem
Bug Bounty Programs
Capture-the-Flag
Career Paths

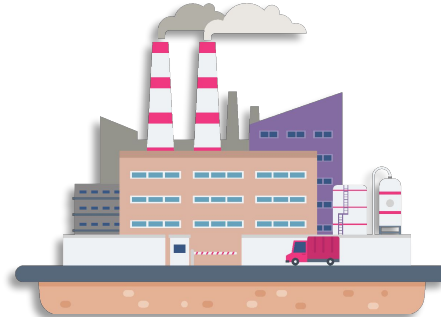
Our world depends on software...



Personal
Technology

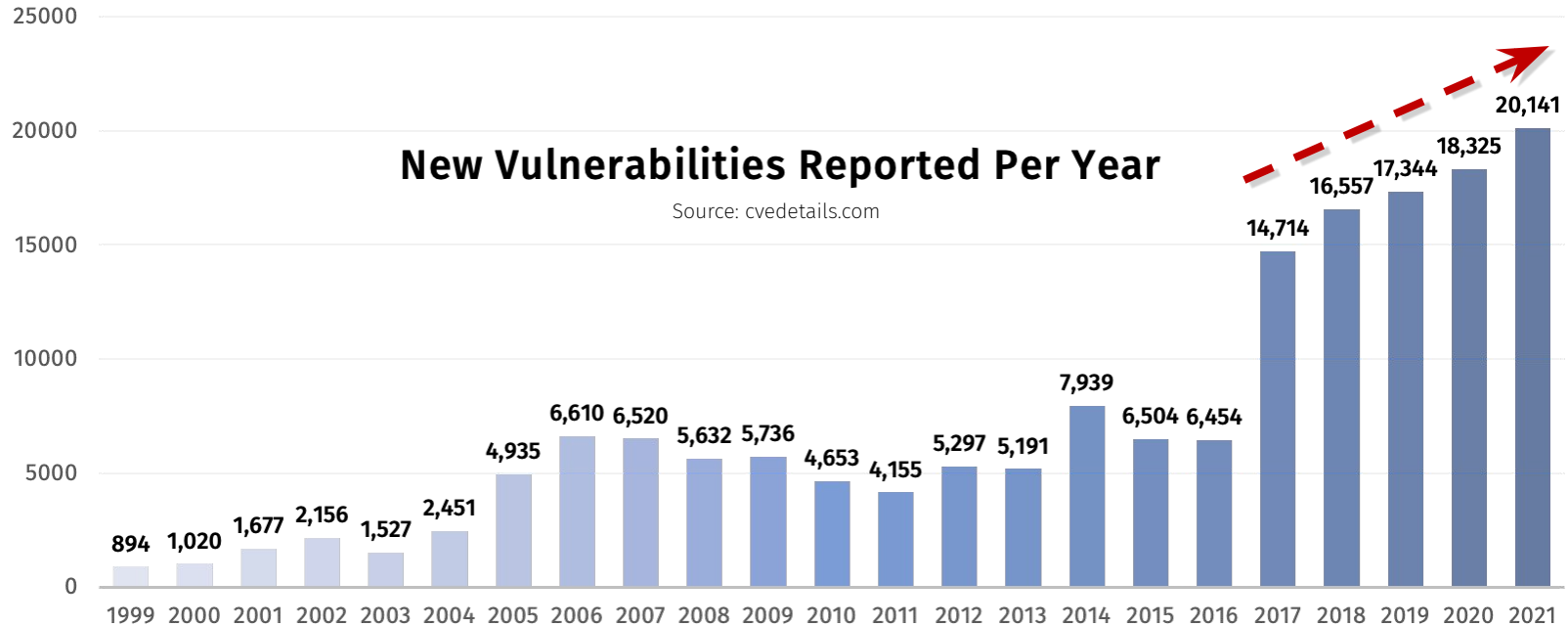


Infrastructure & Industry



Military and
Government

... and software security is a *nightmare*



... and software security is a *nightmare*



Amnesty says NSO's Pegasus used to hack phones of Palestinian rights workers

'A cyber-attack disrupted my cancer treatment'

Cyber-attack hits UK internet phone providers



Solarwinds hackers are targeting the global IT supply chain, Microsoft says

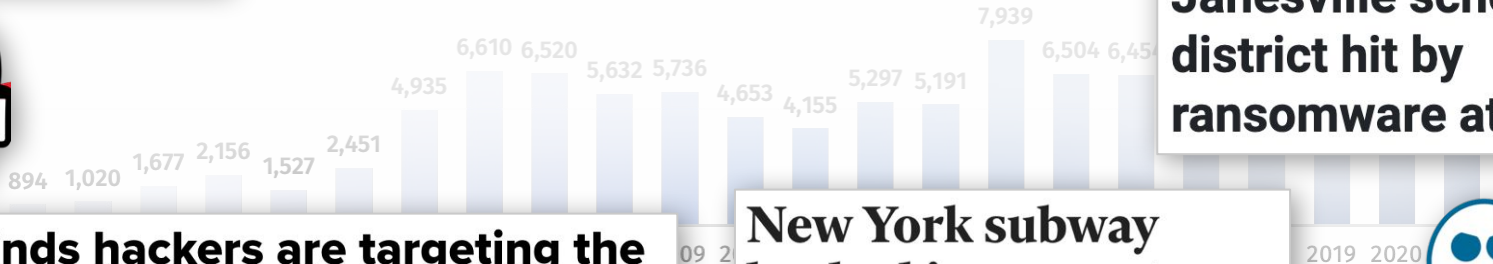
New York subway hacked in computer breach linked to China

Janesville school district hit by ransomware attack

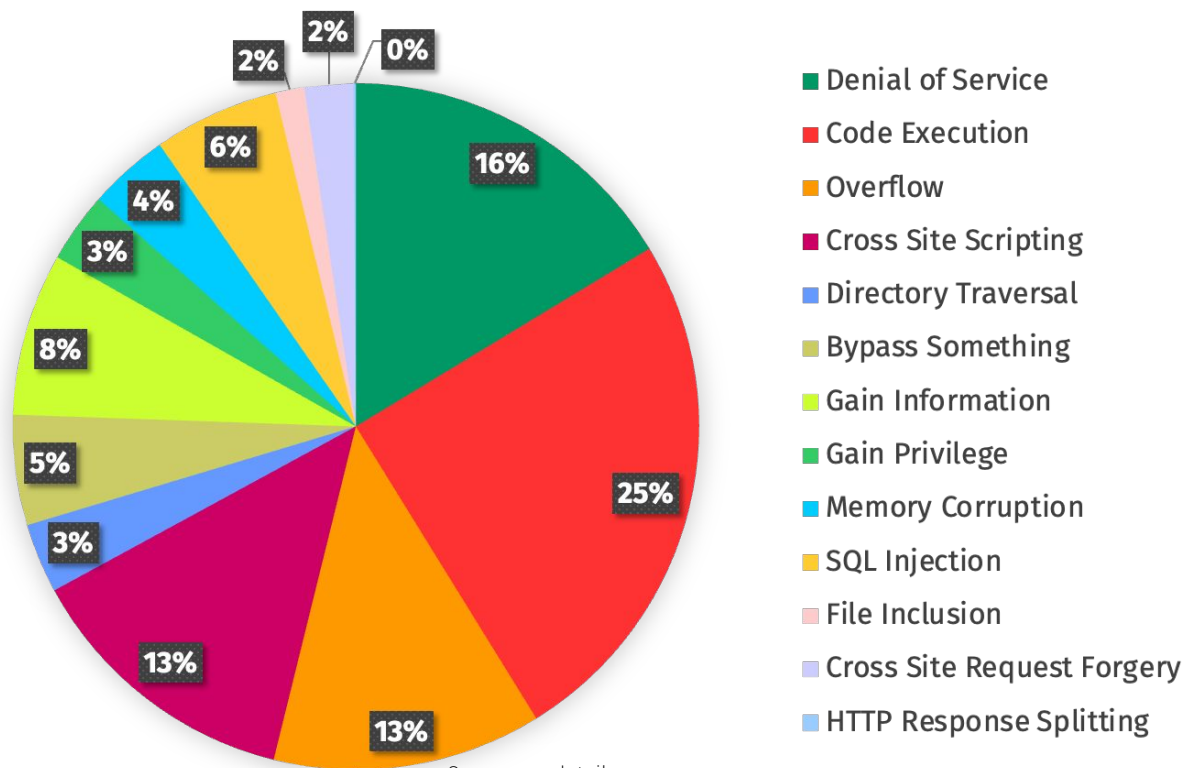


New vulnerabilities Reported Per Year

Source: cvedetails.com



Software Security Vulnerabilities



Source: cvedetails.com

Attacks are getting more sophisticated...

1997
Function ptr
hijacking

1997
Ret-2-Libc
attacks

1996
Stack
overflows

1972
First known
overflows

1998
Heap
overflows

1998
StackGuard
bypasses

1999
Format
strings

2002
Integer
overflows

2007
Heap
grooming

2005
Ret oriented
programming

2005
Hardware DEP
bypasses

2002
ASLR
bypasses

2007
Null pointer
dereference

2007
Double
frees

2009
Heap
spraying

2010
JIT
spraying

2021
Zero-click
exploits

2016
Data oriented
programming

2014
Call oriented
programming

2011
Jmp oriented
programming

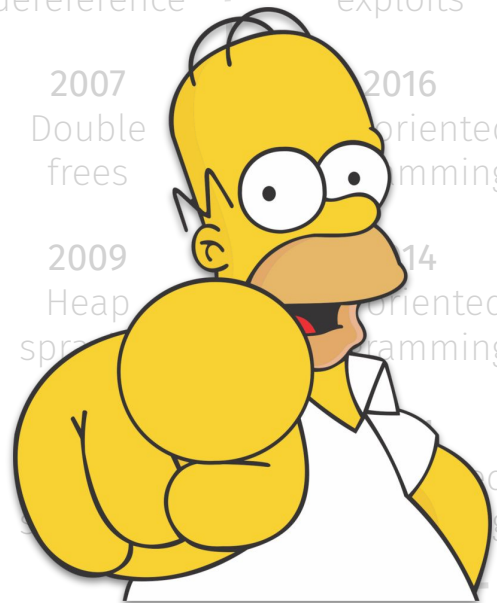
*What's
next?*



Attacks are getting more sophisticated...

Who will be at the **frontlines** of stopping the next attack?

YOU



What's next?



1999
Function
hijacking

1997
Ret-2-Libc
attacks

1996
Stack
overflows

1972
First known
overflows

overflows

1998
StackGuard
bypasses

1999
Format
strings

2002
Integer
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grooming

2005
Ret oriented
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2005
Integer
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2002
ASLR
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dereference

2007
Double
frees

2009
Heap
spray

2016
Ret oriented
programming

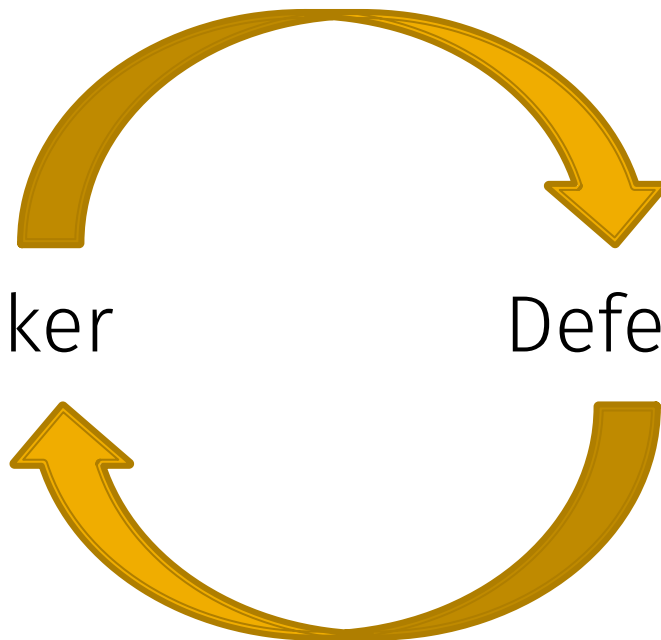
2014
Ret oriented
programming

exploits

Choose your side!



Attacker



Defender



Laws and Ethics

- **If you perform attacks, do so **ethically**!**
 - Federal/state laws criminalize computer intrusion, wiretapping, or other abuse
 - Computer Fraud and Abuse Act (CFAA)
 - You can be sued or go to jail
- **Ethical attacker scenarios:**
 - Career as a **Penetration Tester**
 - **CTF competitions** (join **UTAHSEC** too!)
 - Become a **Security Researcher**



How many of you are considering a career in security?

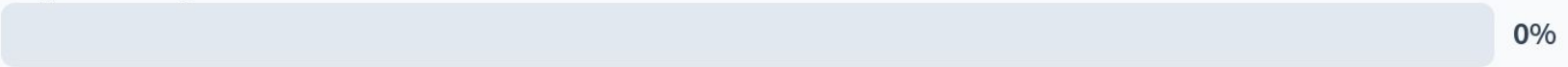
Definitely considering!



On the fence...



Maybe someday!



Not interested (that's ok!)



Bug Bounties

Why find and report bugs?

- You want to **save the world**



Why find and report bugs?

syzbot Linux

Open [1053] ≡ Subsystems **Fixed [4464]**

Title

- [WARNING in ext4_iomap_overwrite_begin](#) ext4
- [WARNING in usbtmc_ioctl/usb_submit_urb\(2\)](#) usb
- [WARNING: bad unlock balance in l2cap_disconnect_rsp](#) bluetooth
- [KASAN: slab-out-of-bounds Read in v4l2_compat_put_array_args\(2...](#)
- [general protection fault in reset_interrupt\(3\)](#) block
- [KASAN: stack-out-of-bounds Read in ntfs_set_inode](#) ntfs3
- [general protection fault in folio_wait_stable](#) fs mm
- [general protection fault in squashfs_page_actor_init_special](#) squashfs
- [general protection fault in ext4_write_begin](#) ext4
- [WARNING in floppy_interrupt\(2\)](#) block
- [WARNING: bad unlock balance in l2cap_bredr_sig_cmd](#) bluetooth
- [KASAN: wild-memory-access Read in hfsplus_bnode_dump](#) hfs
- [WARNING in udf_free_blocks](#) udf
- [KASAN: invalid-free in hfs_btree_close](#) hfs

As of May 2022, ClusterFuzz has found 25,000+ bugs in Google (e.g. [Chrome](#)) and **36,000+** bugs in over **550** open source projects integrated with [OSS-Fuzz](#).

Summary + Labels ▾		
Heap-buffer-overflow in cid_parser_new	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
Heap-buffer-overflow in Mac_Read_sfnt_Resource	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
Heap-buffer-overflow in archive_le16dec	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
Heap-buffer-overflow in archive_le16dec	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
Out-of-memory in freetype2_fuzzer	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
Heap-buffer-overflow in ps_check_extra_glyph_name	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
Heap-buffer-overflow in xmlDictComputeFastKey	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
(size_t)BIO_write(in, buf, len) == len	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
Heap-buffer-overflow in tt_size_select	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible
Heap-buffer-overflow in tt_size_select	ClusterFuzz	Reproducible

Why *else* find and report bugs?

- You want the **notoriety** of finding a new bug



Why *else* find and report bugs?

Who reported Meltdown?

Meltdown was independently discovered and reported by three teams:

- [Jann Horn](#) ([Google Project Zero](#)),
- [Werner Haas](#), [Thomas Prescher](#) ([Cyberus Technology](#)),
- [Daniel Gruss](#), [Moritz Lipp](#), [Stefan Mangard](#), [Michael Schwarz](#) ([Graz University of Technology](#))

new bug

Who reported Spectre?

Spectre was independently discovered and reported by two people:

- [Jann Horn](#) ([Google Project Zero](#)) and
- [Paul Kocher](#) in collaboration with, in alphabetical order, [Daniel Genkin](#) ([University of Pennsylvania](#) and [University of Maryland](#)), [Mike Hamburg](#) ([Rambus](#)), [Moritz Lipp](#) ([Graz University of Technology](#)), and [Yuval Yarom](#) ([University of Adelaide](#) and [Data61](#))

Why *else* find and report bugs?

- You love the thrill of **breaking stuff**



Why else find and report bugs?

Smashing The Stack: For Fun And Profit

Aleph One

aleph1@underground.org

`smash the stack' [C programming] n. On many C implementations it is possible to corrupt the execution stack by writing past the end of an array declared auto in a routine. Code that does this is said to smash the stack, and can cause return from the routine to jump to a random address. This can produce some of the most insidious data-dependent bugs known to mankind. Variants include trash the stack, scribble the stack, mangle the stack; the term mung the stack is not used, as this is never done intentionally. See spam; see also alias bug, fandango on core, memory leak, precedence lossage, overrun screw.

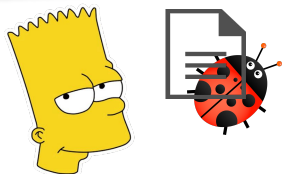
Hacking GraphQL for Fun and Profit — Part 1 — Understanding GraphQL Basics

hacking for fun and profit

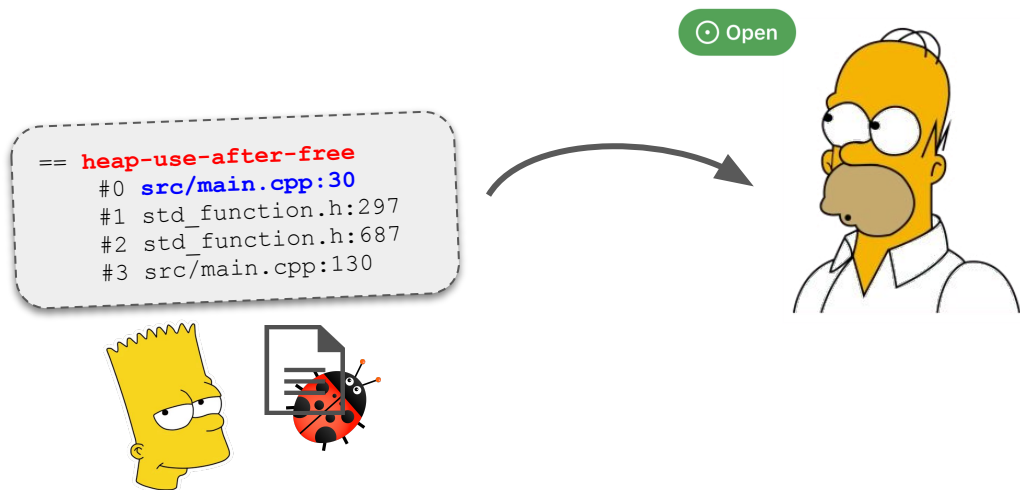
As terms borrowed from classic American westerns, often inhabited by black-hatted villains and white-hatted heroes, a "black hat" cracker describes someone who breaks into a computer system or network with malicious intent; a "white hat" is a cracker who identifies a security weakness in a computer system or network so that the system's owners can fix the breach before it is exploited. White-hat cracking is a hobby for some while others provide their services for a fee. The paid white-hat cracker may work as a consultant or be a permanent employee on a company's payroll.

Disclosing Bugs Responsibly

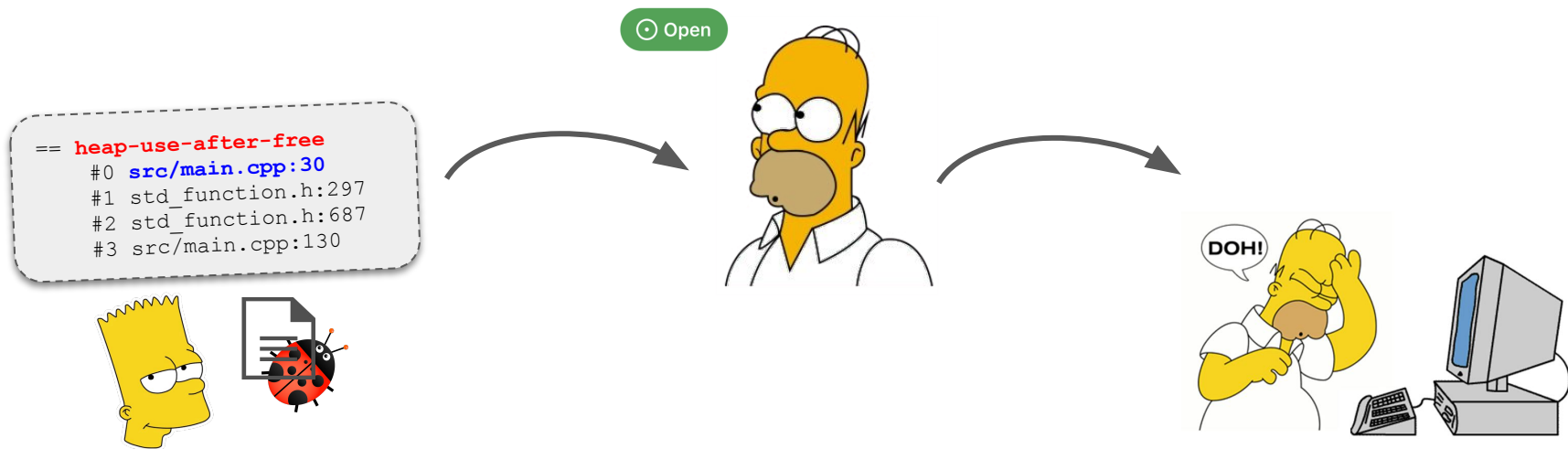
```
== heap-use-after-free  
#0 src/main.cpp:30  
#1 std_function.h:297  
#2 std_function.h:687  
#3 src/main.cpp:130
```



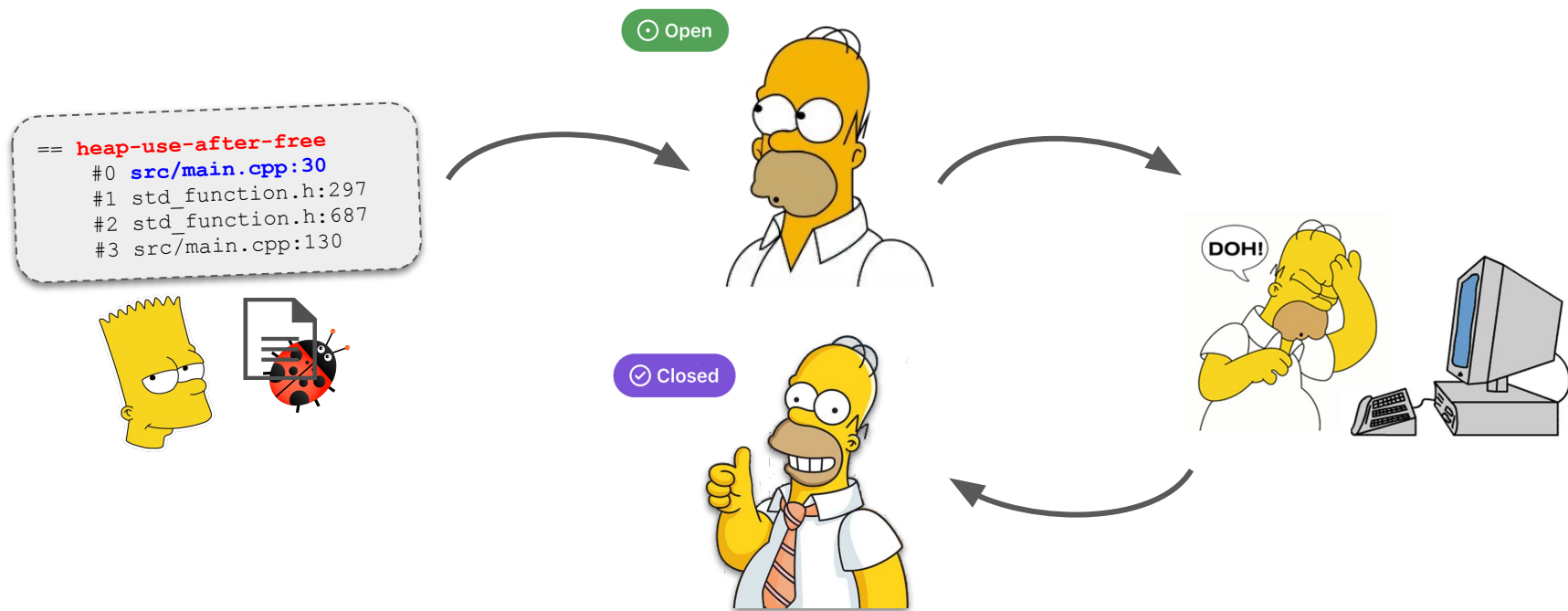
Disclosing Bugs Responsibly



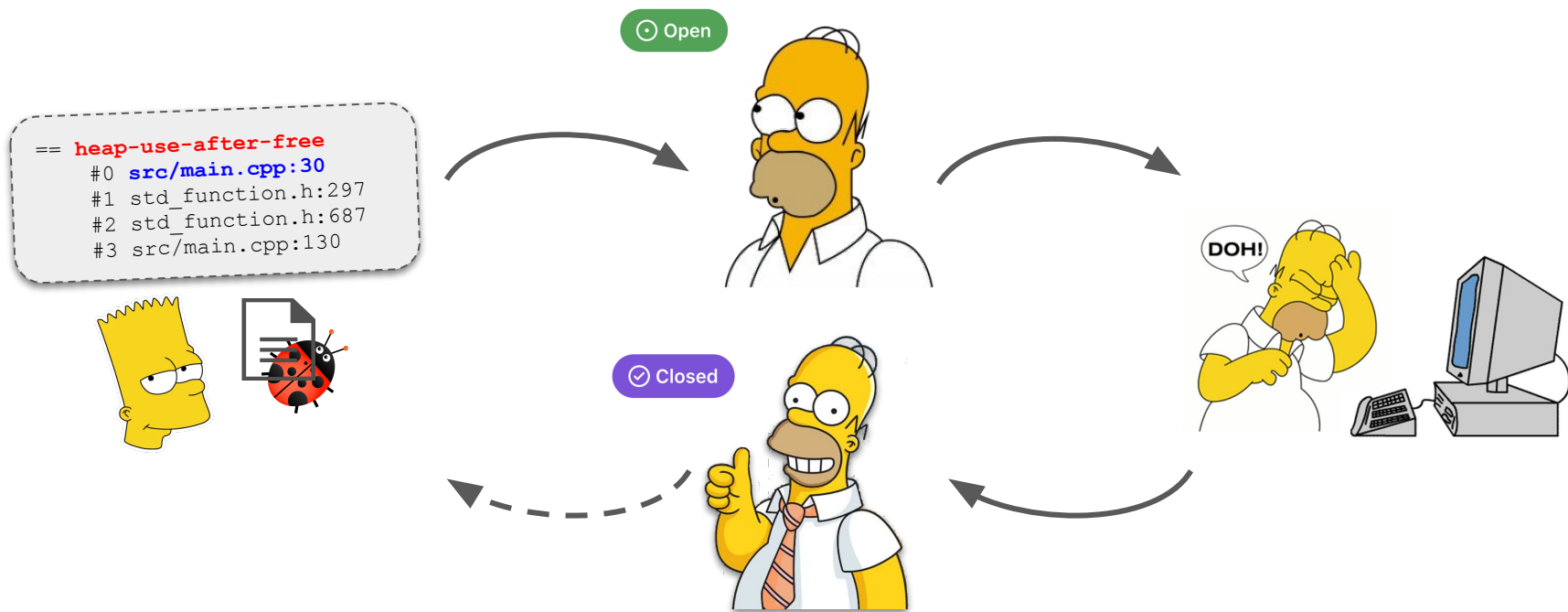
Disclosing Bugs Responsibly



Disclosing Bugs Responsibly



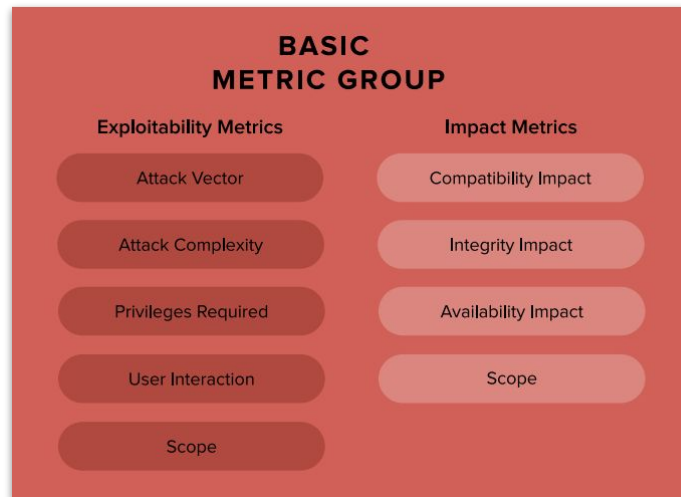
Disclosing Bugs Responsibly



What developers love...

■ Proof-of-concept test cases

- Devs need to reproduce your bug
- Perform their own severity analysis
 - Limited time and resources
 - Fix most severe ones first
 - E.g., MS Patch Tuesday
- Help them improve their test suites



What developers love...

■ Actionable insights

- **Basic:** build information
 - E.g., compiler, version, OS, etc.
 - Only report bugs in the latest version!
- **Good:** crashing source lines, PoCs
- **Better:** root cause analysis
 - E.g., *Missing a check on chunk X*
 - You'll need to get your hands dirty
- **Best:** proposed patches
 - May be a back-and-forth battle



What developers love...

- **Follow-up testing**
 - Initial fixes may be incomplete
 - Re-run your fancy fuzzer
 - **Open-source your fancy fuzzer**

Product	Vulnerability exploited in-the-wild	Variant of...
Microsoft Internet Explorer	CVE-2020-0674	CVE-2018-8653* CVE-2019-1367* CVE-2019-1429*
Mozilla Firefox	CVE-2020-6820	Mozilla Bug 1507180
Google Chrome	CVE-2020-6572	CVE-2019-5870 CVE-2019-13695
Microsoft Windows	CVE-2020-0986	CVE-2019-0880*
Google Chrome/Freetype	CVE-2020-15999	CVE-2014-9665
Apple Safari	CVE-2020-27930	CVE-2015-0093
* vulnerability was also exploited in-the-wild in previous years		

Source: Deja Vulnerability by Google Project Zero

What developers *hate*...

- **Little (or unhelpful) information**

- No PoC test cases or stack traces
- Bugs on obsolete versions
 - E.g., *I installed this via apt-get*
- Spamming tons of bug reports
 - Duplicate bug reports
 - Already-reported bugs



What developers *hate*...

- **Selfish resumé padding**
 - Requesting CVE assignment without first asking them
 - Common in academic papers
 - Reviewers are partially to blame



What developers *hate*...

■ Selfish resumé padding

- Requesting CVE assignment without first asking them
 - Common in academic papers
 - Reviewers are partially to blame

■ Developers can (and do) dispute CVEs

CVE-2023-43784	** DISPUTED ** Plesk Onyx 17.8.11 has accessKeyId and secretAccessKey fields that are related to an Amazon AWS Firehose component. NOTE: the vendor's position is that there is no security threat.
CVE-2023-42261	** DISPUTED ** Mobile Security Framework (MobSF) <=v3.7.8 Beta is vulnerable to Insecure Permissions. NOTE: the vendor's position is that authentication is intentionally not implemented because the product is not intended for an untrusted network environment. Use cases requiring authentication could, for example, use a reverse proxy server.
CVE-2023-39852	** DISPUTED ** Doctormms v1.0 was discovered to contain a SQL injection vulnerability via the \$userid parameter at myAppointment.php. NOTE: this is disputed by a third party who claims that the userid is a session variable controlled by the server, and thus cannot be used for exploitation. The original reporter counterclaims that this originates from \$_SESSION["userid"]=\$_POST["userid"] at line 68 in doctors\doctorlogin.php, where userid under POST is not a session variable controlled by the server.
CVE-2023-39851	** DISPUTED ** webchess v1.0 was discovered to contain a SQL injection vulnerability via the \$playerID parameter at mainmenu.php. NOTE: this is disputed by a third party who indicates that the playerID is a session variable controlled by the server, and thus cannot be used for exploitation.



What developers *hate*...

- **Weaponizing and selling an exploit**
 - A huge underground economy
 - Nation-state actors
 - Cyber-criminal gangs



What developers *hate*...

- **Weaponizing and selling an exploit**
 - A huge underground economy
 - Nation-state actors
 - Cyber-criminal gangs
 - **Don't do this**



What developers hate...

- **Weaponizing and selling an exploit**

- A huge underground economy
 - Nation-state actors
 - Cyber-criminal gangs
- **Don't do this**
 - Likely to end up in bad hands regardless of who brokered it



*Hacks Raise Fear
Over N.S.A.'s Hold
on Cyberweapons*

What developers hate...

■ Weaponizing and selling an exploit

- A huge underground economy
 - Nation-state actors
 - Cyber-criminal gangs
- **Don't do this**
 - Likely to end up in bad hands regardless of who brokered it
 - Authoritarian regimes use these all the time for **evil acts**
 - You are very likely causing people to get hurt **(or worse)**



*Hacks Raise Fear
Over N.S.A.'s Hold
on Cyberweapons*

Pegasus: UAE placed
spyware on Khashoggi's
wife's phone months
before murder

Practice saying NO!

■ Weaponizing and selling an exploit

- A huge underground economy
 - Nation-state actors
 - Cyber-criminal gangs

- Don't get involved
 - You end up in bad hands
 - You don't know who brokered it
 - Many regimes use these exploits for **evil acts**
 - They are very likely causing people harm (or worse)



I have a... *lucrative*... proposition for you regarding the **0-day** bug you've found...



Practice saying NO!

■ Weaponizing and selling an exploit

- A huge underground market
 - Nation-state actors
 - Cyber-criminals
- Don't do it
 - Like a bad hand
 - If no brokered it
 - Regimes use these for evil acts
 - Very likely causing people (harm)

NO!

I have a... *lucrative*... proposition for you regarding the *0-day* bug you've found...



Harvard
Oxford
or
ons

Pegasus
spyware on
wife's phone
months
before mu





Why else find and report bugs?

- You want that **money!**



Bug Bounties

■ Get paid to find bugs!

			
USAA We proudly serve millions of military members and their famil...	OpenAI OpenAI is an AI research and deployment company. Our mission ...	Cash App Help Secure Cash App	Verisign Verisign
🚩 \$100 - \$6,000 per vulnerability	🚩 \$200 - \$6,500 per vulnerability	🚩 \$150 - \$8,000 per vulnerability	🚩 \$100 - \$10,000 per vulnerability
🔒 Partial safe harbor	★ Up to \$20,000 maximum reward		🔒 Partial safe harbor
	🔒 Partial safe harbor		👤 Solo-Only
Submit report ☆ 📷	Submit report ☆ 📷	Submit report ☆ 📷	Submit report ☆ 📷

Bug Bounty Programs

- **Where programs are advertised:**
 - BugCrowd: <https://bugcrowd.com/>
 - HackerOne: <https://www.hackerone.com/>
- **Not all bugs receive a bounty!**
 - Must be reproducible by devs
 - Higher-severity = more \$\$\$
 - Adjudication up to the dev



Developers are people, too

- Data suggests that fixing bugs is a really tough job

It turns out that repairing broken code isn't most developers' favorite activity.

26%

would rather
spend time
paying bills

21%

would rather
go to
the dentist

20%

would rather
spend time
with in-laws

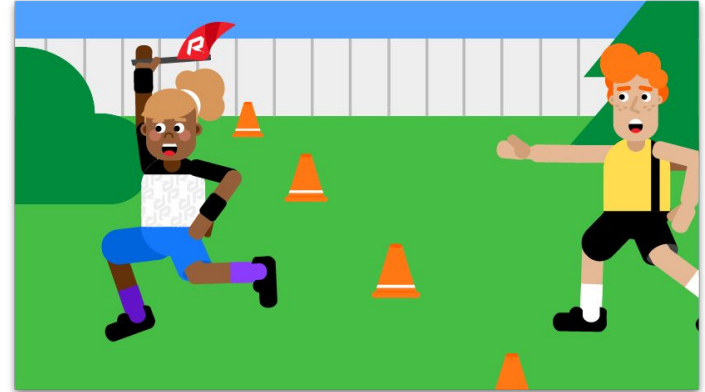
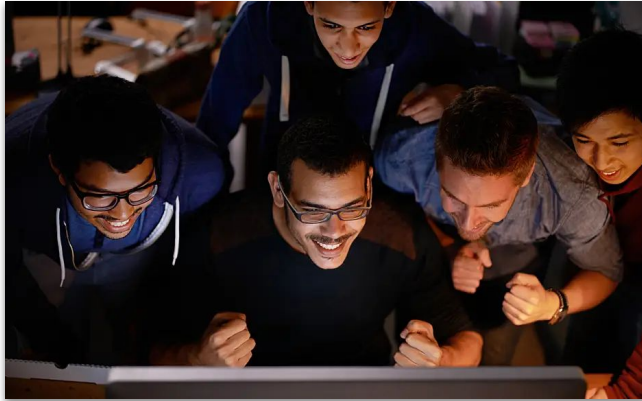
- **Treat developers with courtesy, respect, and patience**

Source: <https://content.rollbar.com/hubfs/State-of-Software-Code-Report.pdf>

Capture-the-Flag (CTF)

What is CTF?

- **CTF = “Capture the Flag”**
 - Competitive cybersecurity events
 - For educational purposes, prizes, etc.
 - **Takes skill to win!**



Styles of CTF: Jeopardy

- **Jeopardy:** solve the most challenges to win
 - **Score the most points** in allotted time

EscapeMe

Problem

host : escapeme.chal.ctf.westerns.tokyo
port : 16359

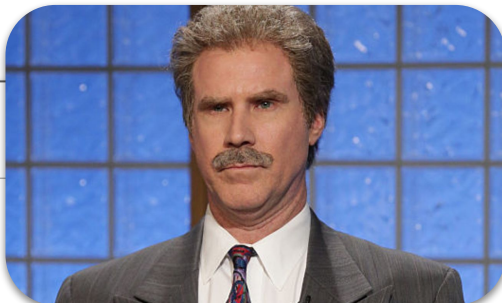
[EscapeMe.tar.gz](#)

Update(2018-09-01 10:22 UTC):

```
$ uname -a
Linux pwnable-escapeme 4.15.0-1017-gcp #18-Ubuntu SMP Fri Aug 10 10:13:17 UTC
$ lsb_release -a
No LSB modules are available.
Distributor ID: Ubuntu
Description:    Ubuntu 18.04.1 LTS
Release:        18.04
Codename:       bionic
```

Update(2018-09-01 10:30 UTC):

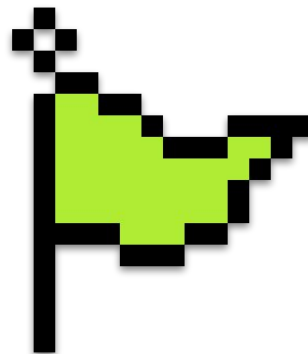
Hint for flag2: check carefully how physical memory of kernel managed.



Web	Crypto	Forensics	Reverse	Misc	Pwn
1	165	100	50	50	50
150	150	150	100	100	150
204	150	150	150	165	200
203	200	200	200	150	250
206	257	200	300	200	323
318	334	250	300	300	440
325	400	347	400		
	430	350			

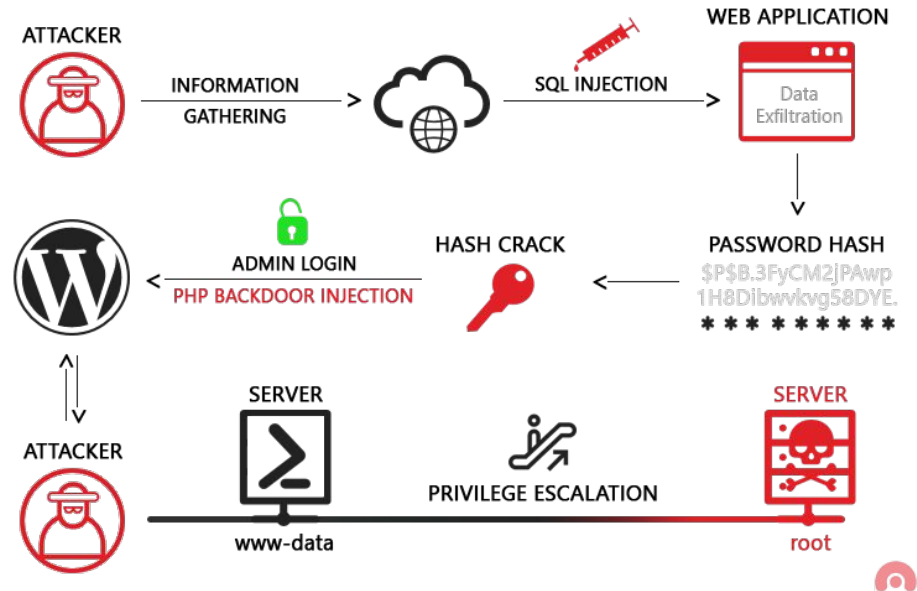
Jeopardy Scoring

- Maximum points in the beginning
 - Incentivizes “**first blood**” (i.e., first to solve)
 - **Score decreases as more solve it**
 - Harder challenges weighted higher
 - Easier challenges weighted lower
- **Submit the flag (when you find it)!**
 - Usually an obvious string
 - E.g., `ucc{b3_r34dy_f0r_$pr1ng23}`



Jeopardy Challenges

- **Web: web security**
 - **Examples:**
 - SQL injection
 - Cross-site scripting
 - Request forger
 - Password cracking
 - ...
 - Find the flag!



Jeopardy Challenges

- **RE:** reverse engineering

- Figure out what this weird binary executable does
 - Then find the flag!

- **Examples:**

- Windows EXEs
- Linux ELFs
- iOS/Android apps
- Weird/esoteric formats
 - Xbox game files
 - ...

The screenshot displays a binary analysis tool interface. At the top, a large block of binary data (0s and 1s) is shown. Below this, the tool is split into two main panels: 'IDA' (left) and 'DECOMPILED' (right). The 'IDA' panel shows assembly code for a function, with a yellow highlight on the instruction `sub_804B810+9A2j`. The 'DECOMPILED' panel shows the corresponding C-like code, with a yellow highlight on the line `dwor_804F780 = 2 * (v9 != 0) + 1;`. The code in both panels appears to be a loop that checks for a string 'UNZIP' and performs some calculations.

Jeopardy Challenges

- **RE:** reverse engineering

- Figure out what this weird binary executable does
 - Then find the flag!

- **Tools of the trade:**

- Decompilers
 - IDA Pro, Ghidra
- Disassemblers
 - Objdump, angr
- Custom tools!



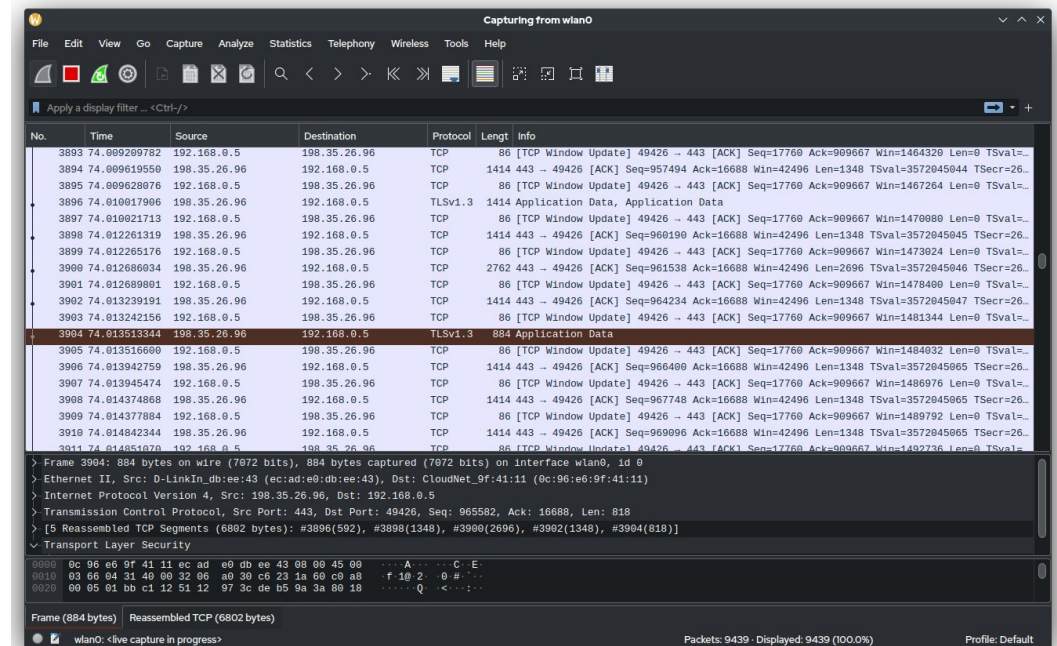
```
[n2] ~/-n:binutils-2.39/b/objdump -d --disassembler-color=color {which ls} | tail -n 30
4d6cc5: 31 ff          xor     %edi,%edi
4d6cc7: c5 f8 77      vzeroupper
4d6cca: e8 11 1c ff ff call    4c88e0 <quotearg_n_style_colon>
4d6ccf: 49 89 c4      mov     %rax,%r12
4d6cd2: e8 49 22 f3 ff call    4c8f20 <__errno_location@plt>
4d6cd7: 4c 89 cf      mov     %r12,%rcx
4d6cea: 48 8d 15 9a 4a 01 00 lea     0x14da0(%rip),%rdx             # 4eb77b <time_spec+0x1040b>
4d6ce1: 31 ff          xor     %edi,%edi
4d6ce3: 8b 30      mov     (%rax),%esi
4d6ce5: 31 c0      xor     %eax,%eax
4d6ce7: e8 d4 27 f3 ff call    4b94c0 <error@plt>
4d6cec: eb 8d      jmp     4d6c7b <wc_lines_avx2+0x18b>
4d6cee: e8 ad 22 f3 ff call    4b8fa0 <_stack_chk_fail@plt>
4d6cf3: 66 2e 0f 1f 84 00 00 cs nopl 0x0(%rax,%rax,1)
4d6cfa: 00 00 00      nopl     (%rax)
4d6cfd: 0f 1f 00      nopl     (%rax)

00000000004d6d00 <atexit>:
4d6d00: f3 0f 1e fa   endbr64
4d6d04: 48 8b 15 00 00 00 mov     0x5e2fd(%rip),%rdx             # 535008 <__dso_handle>
4d6d0b: 31 ff          xor     %esi,%esi
4d6d0d: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d0e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d10: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d12: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d14: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d16: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d18: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d1a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d1c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d1e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d20: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d22: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d24: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d26: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d28: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d2a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d2c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d2e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d30: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d32: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d34: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d36: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d38: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d3a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d3c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d3e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d40: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d42: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d44: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d46: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d48: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d4a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d4c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d4e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d50: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d52: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d54: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d56: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d58: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d5a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d5c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d5e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d60: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d62: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d64: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d66: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d68: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d6a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d6c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d6e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d70: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d72: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d74: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d76: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d78: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d7a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d7c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d7e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d80: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d82: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d84: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d86: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d88: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d8a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d8c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d8e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d90: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d92: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d94: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d96: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d98: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d9a: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d9c: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6d9e: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6da0: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6da2: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6da4: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6da6: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6da8: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6daa: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dac: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dae: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6db0: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6db2: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6db4: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6db6: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6db8: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dba: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dbc: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dbd: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dbf: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dc1: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dc3: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dc5: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dc7: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dc9: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dcb: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dcd: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dce: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dcf: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dd1: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dd3: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dd5: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dd7: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6dd9: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x0,%rax
4d6ddb: 48 b8 00 00 00 00 mov     0x
```

GHIDRA

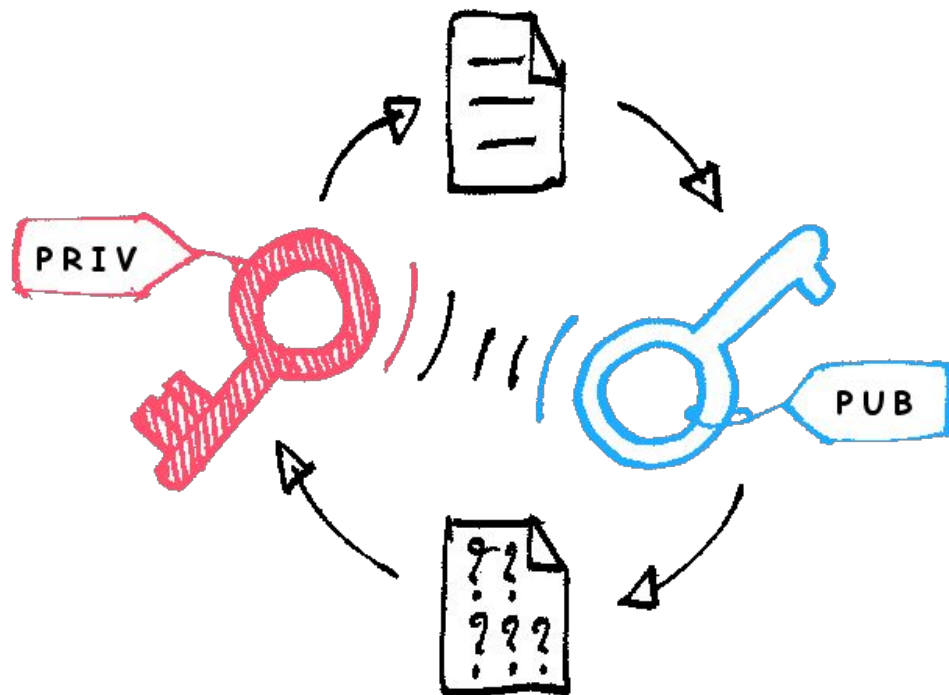
Jeopardy Challenges

- **Net:** network security
 - Analyze network traffic
 - Then find the flag!
 - **Tools of the trade:**
 - Wireshark
 - Others?



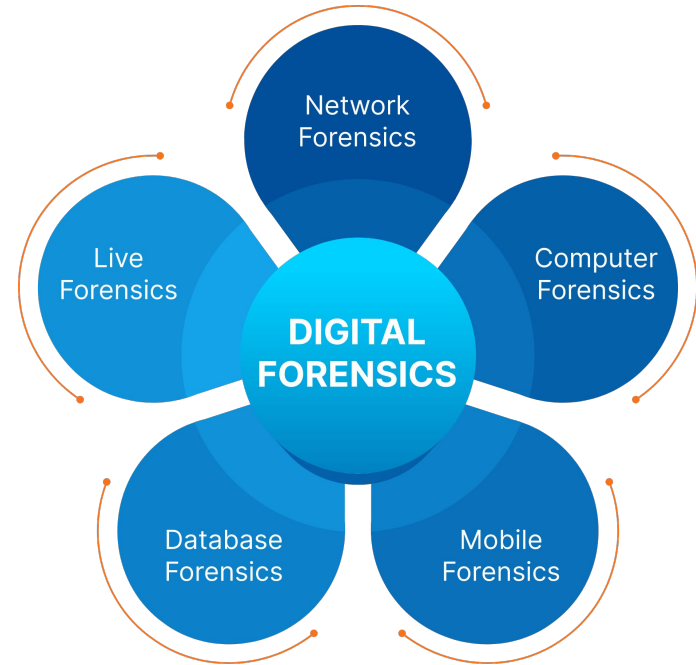
Jeopardy Challenges

- **Crypto:** cryptography
 - Undo this crypto, find the flag!
 - **Examples:**
 - Ciphers
 - Public-key crypto
 - Signature forgery
 - ...
 - **Tools of the trade:**
 - Usually hand-coded stuff
 - Lots of math!!!



Jeopardy Challenges

- **Forensics:** digital forensics
 - Find the hidden flag
 - Mimics digital CSI investigations
- **Examples:**
 - File system dumps
 - Memory dumps
- **Tools of the trade:**
 - The Sleuth Kit
 - ...



Jeopardy Challenges

- **Pwn: exploitation**
 - Find the program's bug
 - Figure out how to exploit (**pwn**) it!
- **Examples:**
 - Stack/heap overflows
 - Spawning a root shell
 - Control-flow redirection
- **Tools of the trade:**
 - Debuggers (GDB), RE tools
 - **CS 4440 Project 2** provides a great intro to exploitation

```
[-----registers-----]
EAX: 0x0
EBX: 0x0
ECX: 0x42424242 ('BBBB')
EDX: 0xf7fa989c --> 0x0
ESI: 0xf7fa8000 --> 0x1d9d6c
EDI: 0xf7fa8000 --> 0x1d9d6c
EBP: 0x0
ESP: 0xffffd2fc --> 0xf7de8b41 (<_libc_start_main+241>: add esp,0x10)
EIP: 0x80491e3 (<main+77>: lea esp,[ecx-0x4])
EFLAGS: 0x282 (carry parity adjust zero SIGN trap INTERRUPT direction overflow)

[-----code-----]
0x80491e0 <main+74>: pop ecx           Loads ECX - 4 to ESP.
0x80491e1 <main+75>: pop ebx
0x80491e2 <main+76>: pop ebp
=> 0x80491e3 <main+77>: lea esp,[ecx-0x4] → This is why our value changes.
0x80491e6 <main+80>: ret           To make ESP turn 0x42424242
0x80491e7: xchg ax,ax    we will actually need to send
0x80491e9: xchg ax,ax    0x42424242+4 so when this
0x80491eb: xchg ax,ax    instruction executes, ESP will
                                be 0x42424242.

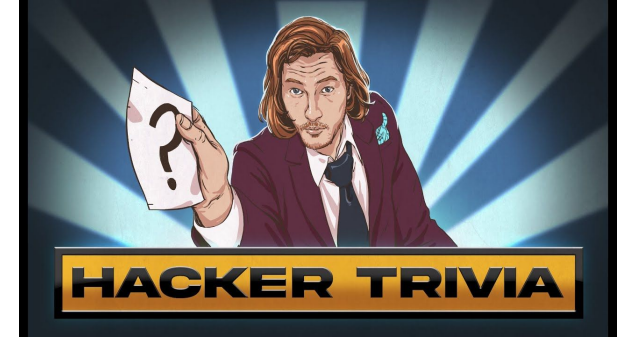
[-----stack-----]
0000 0xffffd2fc --> 0xf7de8b41 (<_libc_start_main+241>: add esp,0x10)
0004 0xffffd300 --> 0xf7fa8000 --> 0x1d9d6c
0008 0xffffd304 --> 0xf7fa8000 --> 0x1d9d6c
0012 0xffffd308 --> 0x0
0016 0xffffd30c --> 0xf7de8b41 (<_libc_start_main+241>: add esp,0x10)
0020 0xffffd310 --> 0x1
0024 0xffffd314 --> 0xffffd3a4 --> 0xffffd548 ("/tmp/baby")
0028 0xffffd318 --> 0xffffd3ac --> 0xffffd552 ("LANG=en_US.UTF-8")

Legend: code, data, rodata, value

Breakpoint 2, 0x80491e3 in main ()
gdb-peda$
```

Jeopardy Challenges

- **Misc/Trivia:** random questions
 - Hackers love their trivia
 - Usually the flag isn't obvious
 - You might have to type it out
- **Examples:**
 - Old hacker movies
 - Mr. Robot ARG
- **Tools of the trade:**
 - Google, YouTube, etc.



Competitions

- Events happen **all the time**
 - See CTFTIME.org
- Competition **weight**:
 - How much the event counts to “rankings”
- Team limits:
 - Many have no limits
 - Others cap at **n** players



CTF Events						
All Now running Upcoming Archive Format Location Restrictions 2023						
Name	Date	Format	Location	Weight	Notes	
MHSCTF 2023 (Online)	01 Feb., 17:00 UTC — 14 Feb. 2023, 22:00 UTC	Jeopardy		0	48 teams will participate	
DiceCTF 2023	03 Feb., 21:00 UTC — 05 Feb. 2023, 21:00 UTC	Jeopardy	On-line	36.70	109 teams will participate	
LA CTF 2023	11 Feb., 04:00 UTC — 12 Feb. 2023, 22:00 UTC	Jeopardy	On-line	0.00	42 teams will participate	
HackTM CTF Quals 2023	18 Feb., 12:00 UTC — 19 Feb. 2023, 12:00 UTC	Jeopardy	On-line	0.00	20 teams will participate	
pbctf 2023	18 Feb., 14:00 UTC — 20 Feb. 2023, 02:00 UTC	Jeopardy	On-line	36.94	48 teams will participate	
hxp CTF 2022	10 March, 16:00 UTC — 12 March 2023, 16:00 UTC	Jeopardy	On-line	100.00	19 teams will participate	
DaVinciCTF 2023	11 March, 08:00 UTC — 12 March 2023, 20:00 UTC	Jeopardy	On-line	29.26	6 teams will participate	
Insomni'hack 2023	24 March, 18:00 UTC — 25 March 2023, 04:00 UTC	Jeopardy	SwissTech Convention Center (Lausanne)	23.14	8 teams will participate	

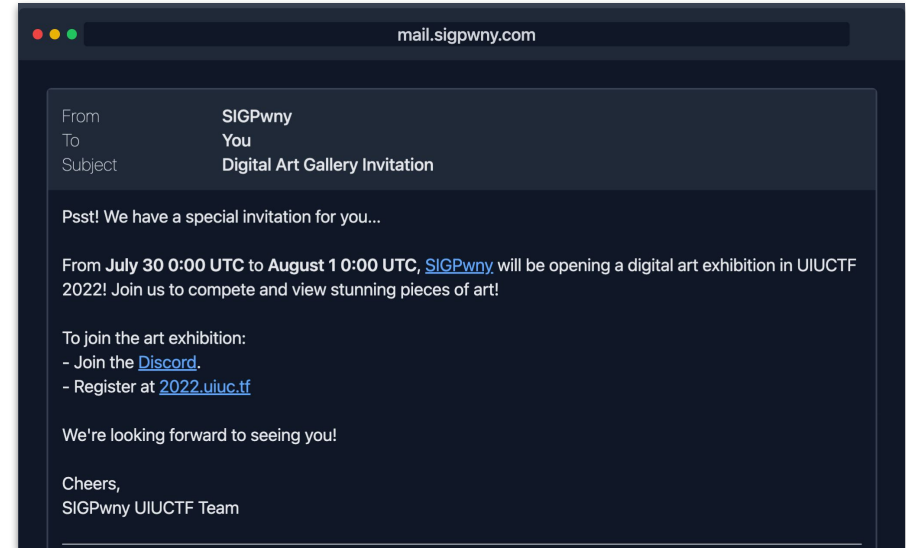
Competitions

■ Many schools host their own

- RPI
- Purdue
- OSU
- UIUC
- CMU
- ...
- **University of Utah!!!** (eventually)

■ Who creates and hosts challenges?

- The event organizers!



Competitions

- **DEFCON CTF Finals**
 - The **Super Bowl** of CTF
 - Happens in Vegas during DEFCON hacker conference
 - Only top CTF teams invited
 - Win qualifier tournaments
 - **Our goal is to make it (and win)!**



How do I get good at CTF?

- **Attend UtahSec meetings**
 - “Let’s solve this CTF challenge”
will be a frequent meeting topic
- **Read challenge write-ups**
 - Detailed solutions
- **Practice practice practice!**
 - Join the team and come learn!
- **Take CS 4440: Intro to Security**
 - An overview of many CTF-style topics



Careers in Cybersecurity

So you've taken CS 4440... what now?

- **Do you find cybersecurity interesting?**
 - If so, consider a **career** in cybersecurity!

So you've taken CS 4440... what now?

- **Do you find cybersecurity interesting?**
 - If so, consider a **career** in cybersecurity!
- **Some possible career paths:**
 - The **Ethical Hacker**
 - The **Practitioner**
 - The **Researcher**



Careers in Cybersecurity: The Ethical Hacker

What is Pen-Testing?

Why Pentesting Is Now a Necessity — and How To Leverage it Effectively

Here's a look at why pen tests are now a priority, how this process works, and what companies can do to make the most of their pentesting efforts.



Doug Bonderud Technology Writer

January 20, 2023



The global penetration testing, or pentesting, market is already [worth more than \\$1.8 billion](#), and experts predict a 15.97% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) over the next five years.

This investment makes sense. Here's why: attack surfaces are growing in tandem with expanding cloud networks and mobile device environments, thus making it easier for attackers to find and exploit unknown vulnerabilities.

Red Team agents use disguises, ingenuity to expose TSA vulnerabilities



What is Pen-Testing?

- Basically, a company hires you to **hack** them



What is Pen-Testing?

- **Basically, a company hires you to **hack** them**
 - Test their **physical** security
 - Pick the locks on their front entrance
 - Trick employees into letting you inside
 - Test their **web and network** security
 - Impersonate the CEO in a phishing email
 - Test their **application** security
 - Exploit a widely-known-yet-unpatched bug



Becoming a Pen-Tester

- **Figure out your security niche(s)!**
 - What topics interest you the most?
 - Physical
 - Forensics
 - Application
 - Web / Network
 - Communications
 - Open-src Intelligence
 - Master your niche and apply!
 - Internships are great to start
 - Be ready to learn on the job!



Learn from the Pros

The image shows a YouTube video player interface. On the left is a video thumbnail featuring Kevin Mitnick, a man with glasses and a striped shirt, speaking. The 'big think' logo is in the top right of the thumbnail, and a '2:29' duration badge is in the bottom right. To the right of the thumbnail, the video title 'Kevin Mitnick: How to Troll the FBI | Big Think' is displayed, followed by '647K views • 9 years ago'. Below this is the channel name 'Big Think' with a verified badge. A description snippet follows: 'Kevin David Mitnick (born on August 6, 1963) is a computer security co'. At the bottom of the description area is a 'CC' (Creative Commons) license icon.

Kevin Mitnick: How to Troll the FBI | Big Think
647K views • 9 years ago

Big Think ✓

Kevin David Mitnick (born on August 6, 1963) is a computer security co

CC

Ethical Hacking

- **Other ways to ethically hack:**
 - Participate in bug bounties
 - Submit third-party bug reports
 - Work to improve security tools



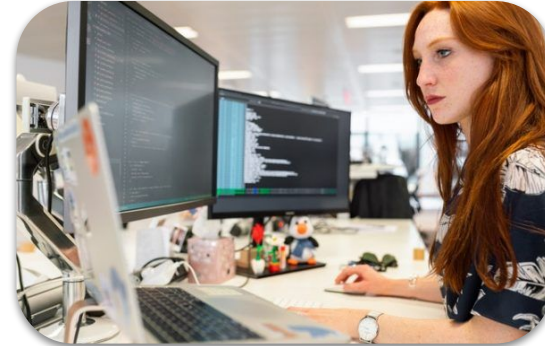
Careers in Cybersecurity: The Practitioner

Cybersecurity Practitioners

Security
Operations
Specialist



Software &
Hardware
Tester



Information
Technology
Manager



Computer
Forensic
Technician



Becoming a Security Practitioner

■ Education

- **CS 4440**—security fundamentals
- Many **trade-school** programs too
- Specialized **degree programs**



Becoming a Security Practitioner

■ Education

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■ Certifications

- E.g., **CISSP**, **CompTIA**, **CISA**



Becoming a Security Practitioner

■ Education

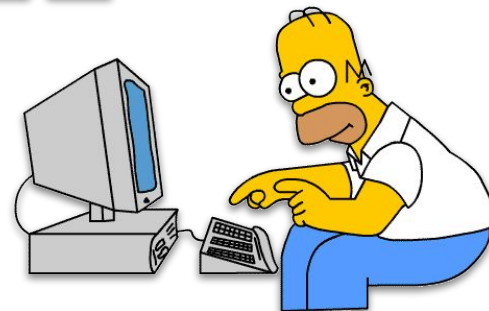
- **CS 4440**—security fundamentals
- Many **trade-school** programs too
- Specialized **degree programs**

■ Certifications

- E.g., **CISSP**, **CompTIA**, **CISA**

■ Tools & techniques of the trade

- E.g., for testing—**fuzzing**
- E.g., for forensics—**SleuthKit**
- E.g., for netsec—**WireShark**/**Snort**



Careers in Cybersecurity: The Researcher

What is research?

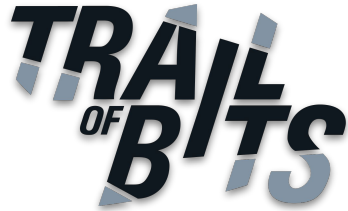
“**Creative** and **systematic** work undertaken to increase the stock of **knowledge**”

■ Examples:

- New **techniques** that improve bug-finding capabilities
- New **attacks** that exploit microarchitectural leakage
- New **methodologies** to evaluate fuzzer's effectiveness
- **And an infinite wealth more!**

Research Labs

Industrial
Labs



National
Labs/FFRDCs



Academic
Labs



How can I get a career in research?

1. Become an **enthusiast**
 - Find your favorite topic(s)
 - Get involved in research!
 - University labs
 - Internships



How can I get a career in research?

1. Become an **enthusiast**

- Find your favorite topic(s)
- Get involved in research!
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2. Go to grad school and **get a PhD**

- Your job will be conducting research
 - The “worker bees” of labs



What is a PhD?

- “**D**octorate of **P**hilosophy”—proof that you can **conduct** and **lead** research

This



Also
this



Why get a PhD?

- **What you get out of it:**
 - A fancy piece of paper
 - A prefix to your name ;)
 - Author **cutting-edge** work
 - **Expertise** in some topic

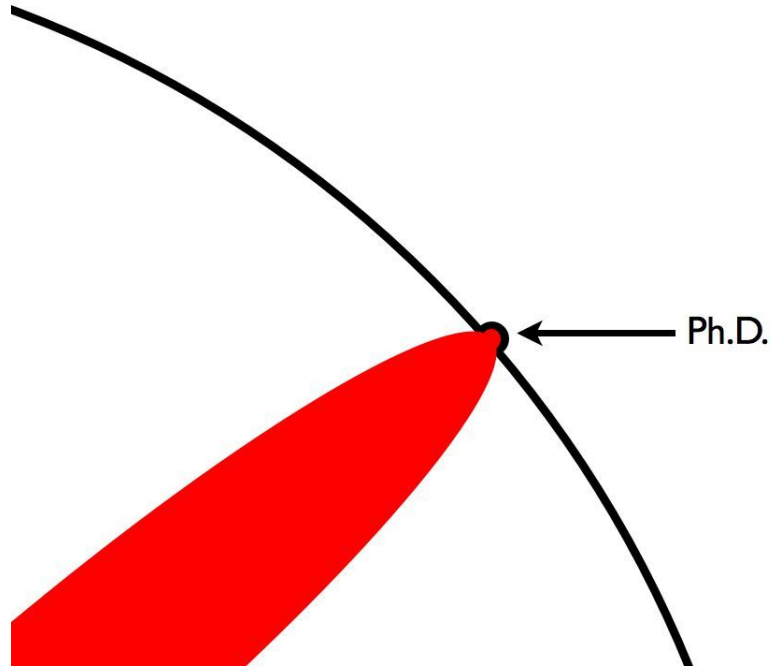
Why get a PhD?

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■ Circle = all knowledge

- **Blue** = grade school
- **Green** = high school
- **Pink** = your Bachelor's
- **Red** = your Master's



Undergrads can do research too!

Undergraduate Research Opportunity Program (UROP)

Summer Program for Undergraduate Research (SPUR)

SPUR is a nationally competitive opportunity that provides undergraduate students with an intensive 10-week summer research experience under the mentorship of a University of Utah faculty member. The program provides opportunities to gain research experience in a variety of disciplines.



[Home](#) [Instructors](#) [Projects](#) [Apply](#)



REU Site: Trust and Reproducibility of Intelligent Computation

Applications are now welcome from undergraduate students at all levels (US Citizens, Permanent Residents) to be selected for a 10-week NSF Research Experience for Undergraduates Traineeship held from June 1st till August 4th, 2023. The traineeship will be offered at the campus of the University of Utah, in the Kahlert School of Computing, located near the majestic Wasatch Mountain ranges. The application deadline is April 15, 2023, and *we expect to fund only about 10 REUs*. The selected students will earn a stipend of \$7,200 for this period, and will additionally be compensated for airfare, room and board.

Security/Privacy Research @ UofU



Sneha Kasera
Networks



Sameer Patil
Human Factors



Mu Zhang
Mobile / IoT



Jun Xu
Software / Systems



Anton Burtsev
Kernels



Stefan Nagy
Software / Systems



Pratik Soni
Cryptography



Luis Garcia
CPS / Drones



Guanhong Tao
ML / AI Security

Questions?



Next time on CS 4440...

Course Wrap-Up
Exam Review—show up!